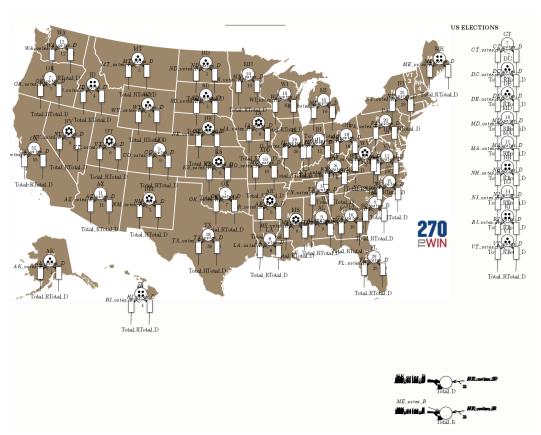
Origin: Academic

Model: Election

This form is a summary description of the model entitled "Election 2020" proposed for the Model Checking Contest @ Petri Nets. Models can be given in several instances parameterized by scaling parameters. Colored nets can be accompanied by one or many equivalent, unfolded P/T nets. Models are given together with property files (possibly, one per model instance) giving a set of properties to be checked on the model.

### Description

The Petri net models the US election map of the 2020 elections. The PNML model has one place for each state, with a number of tokens equal to the state representatives. Two additional places, Total\_D and Total\_R, represent the final count. Two states (ME, NE) assign their repr. independently, while all other states have a winner-take-all policy.



Graphical representation of the Petri net.

# References

Map taken from https://www.270towin.com/

#### Scaling parameter

This model is not parameterized.

# Size of the model

number of places: 53number of transitions: 102 number of arcs: 204

# ${ m MCC}^{ m since}_{ m 2021}$

# Structural properties

ordinary — all arcs have multiplicity one	<b>X</b>
	<b>X</b> (a)
extended free choice — all transitions sharing a common input place have the same input places	<b>X</b> (b)
state machine — every transition has exactly one input place and exactly one output place	<b>X</b> (c)
marked graph — every place has exactly one input transition and exactly one output transition	<b>X</b> (d)
connected — there is an undirected path between every two nodes (places or transitions)	<b>√</b> (e
strongly connected — there is a directed path between every two nodes (places or transitions)	<b>X</b> (f)
source place(s) — one or more places have no input transitions	<b>(g</b> )
simi place(b) — one or more places have no output transmissione	<b>(</b> h)
source transition(s) — one or more transitions have no input places	<b>X</b> (i
(-) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>X</b> (j)
loop-free — no transition has an input place that is also an output place	<b>√</b> (k
conservative — for each transition, the number of input arcs equals the number of output arcs	<b>(1</b> )
subconservative — for each transition, the number of input arcs equals or exceeds the number of output arcs ▶	/ (m)
nested units — places are structured into hierarchically nested sequential units (n)	<b>X</b>

### Behavioural properties

safe — in every reachable marking, there is no more than one token on a place	(
dead place(s) — one or more places have no token in any reachable marking	
dead transition(s) — one or more transitions cannot fire from any reachable marking	(
deadlock — there exists a reachable marking from which no transition can be fired	1
reversible — from every reachable marking, there is a transition path going back to the initial marking	(
live — for every transition t, from every reachable marking, one can reach a marking in which t can fire	(

### Size of the marking graph

number of reachable markings: ? number of transition firings: ? max. number of tokens per place: ? max. number of tokens per marking:  $538^{(o)}$ 

<sup>(</sup>a) the net is not ordinary (however, the "equal conflict" property holds).

<sup>(</sup>b) the net is not ordinary (however, the "extended equal conflict" property holds).

<sup>(</sup>c) the net is not ordinary (however, the net is a weighted S-system).

<sup>(</sup>d) the net is not ordinary.

<sup>(</sup>e) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 3.2.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm (f)}$  from place "AL" one cannot reach place "Total\_R".

<sup>(</sup>g) there exist 51 source places, e.g., place "AL".

<sup>(</sup>h) there exist 2 sink places, e.g., place "Total\_D".

<sup>(</sup>i) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 3.2.

<sup>(</sup>j) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 3.2.

<sup>(</sup>k) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 3.2.

<sup>(1)</sup> stated by PNML2NUPN 3.2.0.

<sup>(</sup>m) stated by PNML2NUPN 3.2.0.

<sup>(</sup>n) the definition of Nested-Unit Petri Nets (NUPN) is available from http://mcc.lip6.fr/nupn.php

<sup>(</sup>o) number of initial tokens, because the net is conservative.