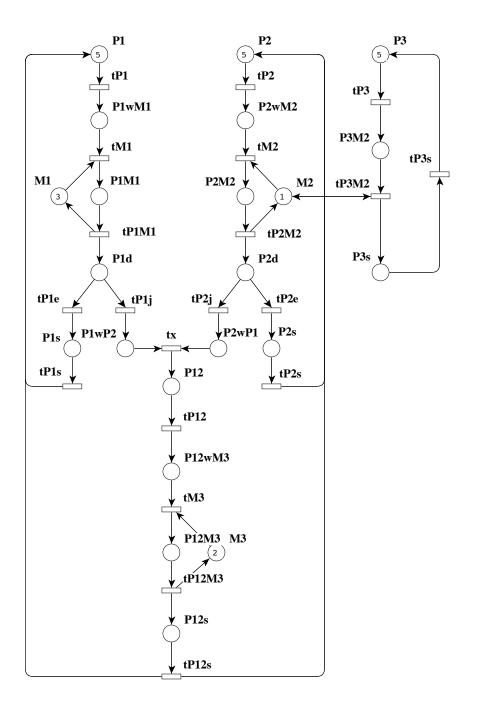
Model: Flexible Manufacturing System (FMS)Type: P/T NetOrigin: AcademicMCC 2011

This form is a summary description of the model entitled "Flexible Manufacturing System (FMS)" proposed for the Model Checking Contest @ Petri Nets. Models can be given in several instances parameterized by scaling parameters. Colored nets can be accompanied by one or many equivalent, unfolded P/T nets. Models are given together with property files (possibly, one per model instance) giving a set of properties to be checked on the model.

# Description

This Petri net is extracted a benchmark used for SMART. It models a flexible manufacturing system. *The six largest instances have been added in 2019.* 



#### References

http://www.cs.ucr.edu/~ciardo/SMART/

#### Scaling parameter

Parameter name	Parameter description	Chosen parameter values	
Ν	The scale factor is a value $N$ that changes	2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000,	
	the initial marking of places $P_1$ , $P_2$ and $P_3$	5000, 10000, 20000, 50000	
	(i.e., $M(P1) = M(P2) = M(P3) = N$ )		

### Size of the model

Although the model is parameterized, its size does not depend on parameter values.

number of places:	22
number of transitions:	20
number of arcs:	50

### Structural properties

ordinary — all arcs have multiplicity one	. 🗸
simple free choice — all transitions sharing a common input place have no other input place $\ldots$	<b>X</b> (a)
extended free choice — all transitions sharing a common input place have the same input places $\ldots$	<b>〈</b> (b)
Beauty and a prace and charge of the state of the prace and charge of the state of the prace of the state of	<b>X</b> (c)
$\mathbf{marked \ graph} - every \ place \ has \ exactly \ one \ input \ transition \ and \ exactly \ one \ output \ transition \ \dots\dots\dots$	<b>(</b> d)
connected — there is an undirected path between every two nodes (places or transitions)	/ (e)
strongly connected — there is a directed path between every two nodes (places or transitions)	/ (f)
source place(s) — one or more places have no input transitions $\ldots$	<b>K</b> (g)
$\operatorname{sink} \operatorname{place}(\mathbf{s})$ — one or more places have no output transitions	<b>(</b> h)
source transition(s) — one or more transitions have no input places $\ldots$	🗙 (i)
sink transitions(s) — one or more transitions have no output places	🗙 (j)
loop-free — no transition has an input place that is also an output place	<b>(</b> k)
conservative — for each transition, the number of input arcs equals the number of output arcs	🗙 (l)
$\mathbf{subconservative}$ — for each transition, the number of input arcs equals or exceeds the number of output arcs	(m)
nested units — places are structured into hierarchically nested sequential units <sup>(n)</sup>	

 $<sup>^{(</sup>a)}$  2 arcs are not simple free choice, e.g., the arc from place "M2" (which has 2 outgoing transitions) to transition "tM2" (which has 2 input places).

 $<sup>^{(</sup>b)}$  transitions "tM2" and "tP3M2" share a common input place "M2", but only the former transition has input place "P2wM2".

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm (c)}$  9 transitions are not of a state machine, e.g., transition "tM1".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(d)</sup> 5 places are not of a marked graph, e.g., place "P1d".

<sup>(</sup>e) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.8 on all 14 instances (2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, and 50000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(f)</sup> stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.8 on all 14 instances (2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000, 10000, 20000, and 50000). <sup>(g)</sup> stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.8 on all 14 instances (2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 10000, 20000, and 50000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(h)</sup> stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.8 on all 14 instances (2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 10000, 2000, and 50000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(i)</sup> stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.8 on all 14 instances (2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 10000, 20000, and 50000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(j)</sup> stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.8 on all 14 instances (2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, and 50000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(k)</sup> transition "tP3M2" is not loop free.

 $<sup>^{(</sup>l)}$  8 transitions are not conservative, e.g., transition "tM1".

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm (m)}$  4 transitions are not subconservative, e.g., transition "tP12M3".

 $<sup>^{(</sup>n)}$  the definition of Nested-Unit Petri Nets (NUPN) is available from http://mcc.lip6.fr/nupn.php

## Behavioural properties

safe — in every reachable marking, there is no more than one token on a place		
dead place(s) — one or more places have no token in any reachable marking $\dots $ $\overset{\bullet}{\checkmark}$ (p)		
dead transition(s) — one or more transitions cannot fire from any reachable marking $\ldots \ldots \ldots $ $(q)$		
$\mathbf{deadlock}$ — there exists a reachable marking from which no transition can be fired		
<b>reversible</b> — from every reachable marking, there is a transition path going back to the initial marking?		
live — for every transition t, from every reachable marking, one can reach a marking in which t can fire?		

#### Size of the marking graphs

Parameter	Number of reach-	Number of tran-	Max. number of	Max. number of
	able markings	sition firings	tokens per place	tokens per marking
N = 2	$3444^{(s)}$	$16311^{(t)}$	3 <sup>(u)</sup>	12 <sup>(v)</sup>
N = 5	$2.8950E + 6^{(w)}$	$2.3527E + 7^{(x)}$	$5^{(y)}$	21 <sup>(z)</sup>
N = 10	2.501E + 9 (aa)	2.7568E + 10 (ab)	10 <sup>(ac)</sup>	$36^{(ad)}$
N = 20	$6.0292E+12^{(ae)}$	$8.1442E + 13^{(af)}$	20 <sup>(ag)</sup>	66 <sup>(ah)</sup>
N = 50	$4.2403E+17^{(ai)}$	$6.6135E + 18^{(aj)}$	$50^{(ak)}$	$156^{(al)}$
N = 100	2.7031E+21 (am)	?	100 <sup>(an)</sup>	306 <sup>(ao)</sup>
N = 200	$1.9536E + 25^{(ap)}$	?	200 <sup>(aq)</sup>	$606^{(ar)}$
N = 500	$2.7006E+30^{(as)}$	?	$500^{(at)}$	$\geq 1506$ (au)
N = 1000	?	?	?	$\geq 3006^{(av)}$
N = 2000	?	?	?	$\geq 6006^{(aw)}$
N = 5000	?	?	?	$\geq 15006^{(ax)}$
N = 10000	?	?	?	$\geq 30006^{(ay)}$
N = 20000	?	?	?	$\geq 60006^{(az)}$
N = 50000	?	?	?	$\geq 150006^{\text{(ba)}}$

 $<sup>^{(</sup>o)}$  in the initial marking, some places have several tokens (the number of which depends on N).

<sup>(p)</sup> stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 3.3 on all 14 instances (2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 10000, 20000, and 50000).

<sup>(q)</sup> stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.8 on all 14 instances (2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 10000, 20000, and 50000).

<sup>(r)</sup> stated at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN and Lola on 8 instances, and by Tapaal on 5 instances.

<sup>(s)</sup> computed at MCC'2013 by Alpina, GreatSPN, ITS-Tools, Marcie, Neco, and PNXDD; confirmed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, PNXDD, Stratagem, and Tapaal.

<sup>(t)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by Marcie.

<sup>(u)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, and Tapaal.

 $^{\rm (v)}$  computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, and Tapaal.

<sup>(w)</sup> computed at MCC'2013 by Alpina, GreatSPN, ITS-Tools, Marcie, Neco, and PNXDD; confirmed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, PNXDD, Stratagem, and Tapaal.

 $^{(\mathrm{x})}$  computed at MCC'2014 by Marcie.

 $^{(\mathrm{y})}$  computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, and Tapaal.

 $^{\rm (z)}$  computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, and Tapaal.

<sup>(aa)</sup> computed at MCC'2013 by GreatSPN, ITS-Tools, Marcie, and PNXDD; confirmed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, PNXDD, and Stratagem.

 $^{\rm (ab)}$  computed at MCC'2014 by Marcie.

<sup>(ac)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, and PNMC.

<sup>(ad)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, and PNMC.

<sup>(ae)</sup> computed at MCC'2013 by GreatSPN, ITS-Tools, Marcie, and PNXDD; confirmed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, PNXDD, and Stratagem.

<sup>(af)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by Marcie.

<sup>(ag)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, and PNMC.

<sup>(ah)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, and PNMC.

(ai) computed at MCC'2013 by GreatSPN, ITS-Tools, Marcie, and PNXDD; confirmed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, PNMC, and PNXDD.

<sup>(aj)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by Marcie.

(ak) computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, and PNMC.

<sup>(al)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN, Marcie, and PNMC.

<sup>(am)</sup> computed at MCC'2013 by GreatSPN, ITS-Tools, and Marcie; confirmed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN and PNMC.

<sup>(an)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN and PNMC.

<sup>(ao)</sup> computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN and PNMC.

 $^{\rm (ap)}$  computed at MCC'2013 by ITS-Tools; confirmed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN and PNMC.

<sup>(ax)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm (aq)}$  computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN.

<sup>(</sup>ar) computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN and PNMC.

<sup>(</sup>as) computed at MCC'2014 by PNMC. (at) computed at MCC'2014 by GreatSPN and PNMC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(au)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

 $<sup>^{(</sup>av)}$  lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(aw)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(ay)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.  $^{\rm (az)}$  lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(ba)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.