

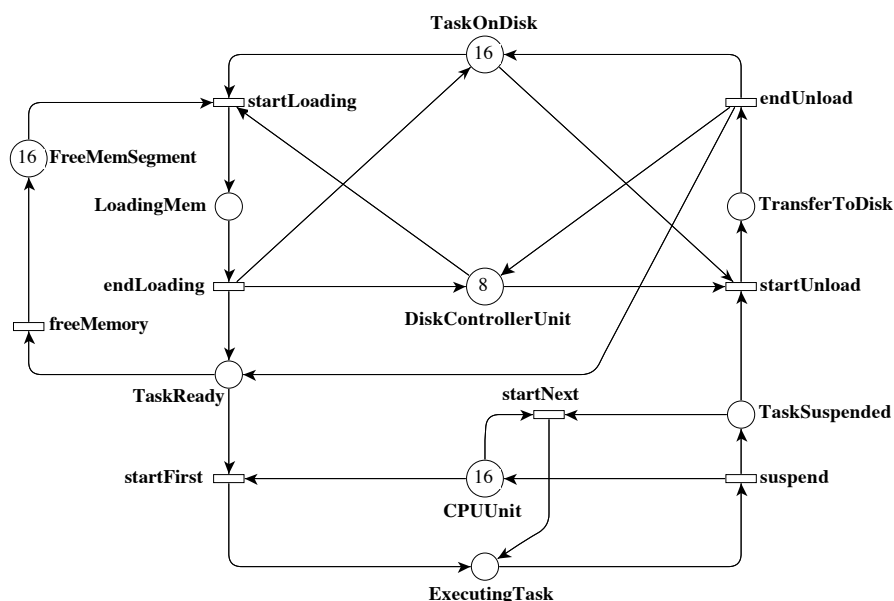
This form is a summary description of the model entitled "SmallOperatingSystem" proposed for the Model Checking Contest @ Petri Nets. Models can be given in several instances parameterized by scaling parameters. Colored nets can be accompanied by one or many equivalent, unfolded P/T nets. Models are given together with property files (possibly, one per model instance) giving a set of properties to be checked on the model.

Description

This Petri net models a simplified Operating System handling the execution of tasks on a machine with several so-called "memory segments", Disk controller units, and cores. The typical lifecycle of a task is the following:

- 1 A ask is loaded from disk to memory (requires a segment and a disk controller),
- 2 When the task is ready to execute, it can get a core, be suspended and get a core again as long as its execution is not finished. It can also be removed from the memory if some is needed otherwise
- 3 When the execution finishes, the task is saved back on the disk.

The system has several scaling parameters: M (memory segments), T (tasks), D (Disk controllers) and C (cores). However, to simplify this in the MCC, we reduce it to two parameters, MT and DC with the following correspondence: $M = T = MT$, $D = DC$ and $C = 2 \times DC$.



Graphical representation for $MT=16$ and $DC = 8$

Scaling parameter

Parameter name	Parameter description	Chosen parameter values
<i>MT</i> and <i>DC</i>	<i>MT</i> to compute available tasks and memory and <i>DC</i> to compute available disk controllers and cores	(MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=16), (MT=64, DC=16), (MT=64, DC=32), (MT=128, DC=32), (MT=128, DC=64), (MT=256, DC=64), (MT=256, DC=128), (MT=512, DC=128), (MT=512, DC=256), (MT=1024, DC=256), (MT=1024, DC=512), (MT=2048, DC=512), (MT=2048, DC=1024), (MT=4096, DC=1024), (MT=4096, DC=2048), (MT=8192, DC=2048), (MT=8192, DC=4096)

Size of the model

Although the model is parameterized, its size does not depend on parameter values.

number of places: 9
 number of transitions: 8
 number of arcs: 27

Structural properties

ordinary — all arcs have multiplicity one	✓
simple free choice — all transitions sharing a common input place have no other input place	✗ (a)
extended free choice — all transitions sharing a common input place have the same input places	✗ (b)
state machine — every transition has exactly one input place and exactly one output place	✗ (c)
marked graph — every place has exactly one input transition and exactly one output transition	✗ (d)
connected — there is an undirected path between every two nodes (places or transitions)	✓ (e)
strongly connected — there is a directed path between every two nodes (places or transitions)	✓ (f)
source place(s) — one or more places have no input transitions	✗ (g)
sink place(s) — one or more places have no output transitions	✗ (h)
source transition(s) — one or more transitions have no input places	✗ (i)
sink transitions(s) — one or more transitions have no output places	✗ (j)
loop-free — no transition has an input place that is also an output place	✓ (k)
conservative — for each transition, the number of input arcs equals the number of output arcs	✗ (l)
subconservative — for each transition, the number of input arcs equals or exceeds the number of output arcs	✗ (m)
nested units — places are structured into hierarchically nested sequential units ⁽ⁿ⁾	✗

(a) 9 arcs are not simple free choice, e.g., the arc from place “TaskOnDisk” (which has 2 outgoing transitions) to transition “startLoading” (which has 3 input places).

(b) transitions “startLoading” and “startUnload” share a common input place “TaskOnDisk”, but only the former transition has input place “FreeMemSegment”.

(c) 7 transitions are not of a state machine, e.g., transition “startLoading”.

(d) 6 places are not of a marked graph, e.g., place “TaskOnDisk”.

(e) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

(f) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

(g) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

(h) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

(i) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

(j) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

(k) stated by CÆSAR.BDD version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

(l) 7 transitions are not conservative, e.g., transition “startLoading”.

(m) 3 transitions are not subconservative, e.g., transition “endLoading”.

(n) the definition of Nested-Unit Petri Nets (NUPN) is available from <http://mcc.lip6.fr/nupn.php>

Behavioural properties

- safe** — *in every reachable marking, there is no more than one token on a place* ✗^(o)
deadlock — *there exists a reachable marking from which no transition can be fired* ✗
reversible — *from every reachable marking, there is a transition path going back to the initial marking* ✓
quasi-live — *for every transition t , there exists a reachable marking in which t can fire* ✓^(p)
live — *for every transition t , from every reachable marking, one can reach a marking in which t can fire* ✓

Size of the marking graphs

Parameter	Number of reachable markings	Number of transition firings	Max. number of tokens per place	Max. number of tokens per marking
MT=16, DC=8	16 587 ^(q)	100 896 ^(r)	?	≥ 56 ^(s)
MT=32, DC=8	166 515 ^(t)	1 112 454 ^(u)	?	≥ 88 ^(v)
MT=32, DC=16	354 501 ^(w)	2 451 264 ^(x)	?	≥ 112 ^(y)
MT=64, DC=16	7 245 654 ^(z)	29 675 132 ^(aa)	?	≥ 176 ^(ab)
MT=64, DC=32	9 133 641 ^(ac)	67 762 816 ^(ad)	?	≥ 224 ^(ae)
MT=128, DC=32	?	?	?	≥ 352 ^(af)
MT=128, DC=64	?	?	?	≥ 448 ^(ag)
MT=256, DC=64	?	?	?	≥ 704 ^(ah)
MT=256, DC=128	?	?	?	≥ 896 ^(ai)
MT=512, DC=128	?	?	?	≥ 1408 ^(aj)
MT=512, DC=256	?	?	?	≥ 1792 ^(ak)
MT=1024, DC=256	?	?	?	≥ 2816 ^(al)
MT=1024, DC=512	?	?	?	≥ 3584 ^(am)
MT=2048, DC=512	?	?	?	≥ 5632 ^(an)
MT=2048, DC=1024	?	?	?	≥ 7168 ^(ao)
MT=4096, DC=1024	?	?	?	≥ 11264 ^(ap)
MT=4096, DC=2048	?	?	?	≥ 14336 ^(aq)
MT=8192, DC=2048	?	?	?	≥ 22528 ^(ar)
MT=8192, DC=4096	?	?	?	≥ 28672 ^(as)

^(o) by construction of the model (the initial marking is not safe); confirmed by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

^(p) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 2.6 on all 19 instances ((MT=16, DC=8), (MT=32, DC=8), etc.).

^(q) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(r) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(s) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(t) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(u) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(v) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(w) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(x) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(y) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(z) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(aa) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(ab) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(ac) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(ad) computed by PROD in March 2015.

^(ae) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(af) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(ag) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(ah) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(ai) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(aj) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(ak) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(al) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(am) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(an) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.

^(ao) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.
^(ap) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.
^(aq) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.
^(ar) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.
^(as) lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.