

*This form is a summary description of the model entitled “SemanticWebServices” proposed for the Model Checking Contest @ Petri Nets. Models can be given in several instances parameterized by scaling parameters. Colored nets can be accompanied by one or many equivalent, unfolded P/T nets. Models are given together with property files (possibly, one per model instance) giving a set of properties to be checked on the model.*

## Description

Given is an ontology, a couple of web services that are semantically annotated based on this ontology, an initial and a final (goal) state. The task is to find a composition of (some of the given) services such that the initial state is transformed into the goal state. This task is referred to as *abstract planning* in the web services community. In the given Petri nets, feasibility of the problem refers to reachability of a certain marking. The path to that marking codes the particular *plan*, i.e. the proposed composition of services. The nets were obtained in a case study that aimed at evaluating the feasibility of the tool LoLA as abstract planning engine in the PlanICS framework.

## References

A. Niewiadomski, K. Wolf: LoLA as Abstract Planning Engine of PlanICS. PNSE @ Petri Nets 2014: 349-350 r (<http://ceur-ws.org/Vol-1160/paper26.pdf>)

## Scaling parameter

Parameter name	Parameter description	Chosen parameter values
$\langle s, p \rangle$	$s$ is the number of available services, and $p$ is the length of the shortest possible plan, i.e. the number of services in the resulting composition.	$\langle 64, 6 \rangle$ , $\langle 64, 9 \rangle$ , $\langle 64, 12 \rangle$ , $\langle 64, 15 \rangle$ , $\langle 64, 18 \rangle$ , $\langle 128, 6 \rangle$ , $\langle 128, 9 \rangle$ , $\langle 128, 12 \rangle$ , $\langle 128, 15 \rangle$ , $\langle 128, 18 \rangle$ , $\langle 256, 6 \rangle$ , $\langle 256, 9 \rangle$ , $\langle 256, 12 \rangle$ , $\langle 256, 15 \rangle$ , $\langle 256, 18 \rangle$

## Size of the model

Parameter	Number of places	Number of transitions	Number of arcs
$s = 64, p = 6$	97	164	661
$s = 64, p = 9$	100	164	719
$s = 64, p = 12$	104	158	863
$s = 64, p = 15$	118	194	1007
$s = 64, p = 18$	154	236	1265
$s = 128, p = 6$	262	1328	9727
$s = 128, p = 9$	242	946	6609
$s = 128, p = 12$	191	414	1559
$s = 128, p = 15$	188	416	1593
$s = 128, p = 18$	184	466	1873
$s = 256, p = 6$	439	14102	130267
$s = 256, p = 9$	418	27524	270595
$s = 256, p = 12$	356	20464	190527
$s = 256, p = 15$	329	29492	267319
$s = 256, p = 18$	198	9732	78799

## Structural properties

<b>ordinary</b> — all arcs have multiplicity one .....	? (a)
<b>simple free choice</b> — all transitions sharing a common input place have no other input place .....	✗ (b)
<b>extended free choice</b> — all transitions sharing a common input place have the same input places .....	✗ (c)
<b>state machine</b> — every transition has exactly one input place and exactly one output place .....	✗ (d)
<b>marked graph</b> — every place has exactly one input transition and exactly one output transition .....	✗ (e)
<b>connected</b> — there is an undirected path between every two nodes (places or transitions) .....	✓ (f)
<b>strongly connected</b> — there is a directed path between every two nodes (places or transitions) .....	✗ (g)
<b>source place(s)</b> — one or more places have no input transitions .....	✓ (h)
<b>sink place(s)</b> — one or more places have no output transitions .....	✓ (i)
<b>source transition(s)</b> — one or more transitions have no input places .....	? (j)
<b>sink transitions(s)</b> — one or more transitions have no output places .....	✗ (k)
<b>loop-free</b> — no transition has an input place that is also an output place .....	✗ (l)
<b>conservative</b> — for each transition, the number of input arcs equals the number of output arcs .....	✗ (m)
<b>subconservative</b> — for each transition, the number of input arcs equals or exceeds the number of output arcs .....	✗ (n)
<b>nested units</b> — places are structured into hierarchically nested sequential units <sup>(o)</sup> .....	✗

## Behavioural properties

<b>safe</b> — in every reachable marking, there is no more than one token on a place .....	? (p)
<b>dead place(s)</b> — one or more places have no token in any reachable marking .....	✓ (q)
<b>dead transition(s)</b> — one or more transitions cannot fire from any reachable marking .....	✓ (r)
<b>deadlock</b> — there exists a reachable marking from which no transition can be fired .....	?
<b>reversible</b> — from every reachable marking, there is a transition path going back to the initial marking .....	?
<b>live</b> — for every transition $t$ , from every reachable marking, one can reach a marking in which $t$ can fire .....	? (s)

(a) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 to be true on 7 instance(s) out of 15, and false on the remaining 8 instance(s).

(b) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(c) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(d) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(e) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(f) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(g) from place “p4” one cannot reach place “p1”.

(h) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(i) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(j) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 to be true on 12 instance(s) out of 15, and false on the remaining 3 instance(s).

(k) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(l) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(m) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(n) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(o) the definition of Nested-Unit Petri Nets (NUPN) is available from <http://mcc.lip6.fr/nupn.php>

(p) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 to be false on 7 instance(s) out of 15, and unknown on the remaining 8 instance(s).

(q) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(r) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 on all 15 instances (see all aforementioned scaling parameter values).

(s) stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5 to be false on 7 instance(s) out of 15, and unknown on the remaining 8 instance(s).

## Size of the marking graphs

Parameter	Number of reachable markings	Number of transition firings	Max. number of tokens per place	Max. number of tokens per marking
$s = 64, p = 6$	$\geq 1.99418e+17$ <sup>(t)</sup>	?	?	$\geq 85$
$s = 64, p = 9$	?	?	?	$\geq 2$ <sup>(u)</sup>
$s = 64, p = 12$	$\geq 1.84641e+10$ <sup>(v)</sup>	?	?	$\geq 92$
$s = 64, p = 15$	$\geq 1.05102e+11$ <sup>(w)</sup>	?	?	$\geq 106$
$s = 64, p = 18$	$\geq 1.31607e+12$ <sup>(x)</sup>	?	?	$\geq 142$
$s = 128, p = 6$	?	?	?	$\geq 2$ <sup>(y)</sup>
$s = 128, p = 9$	?	?	?	$\geq 2$ <sup>(z)</sup>
$s = 128, p = 12$	$\geq 1.98474e+33$ <sup>(aa)</sup>	?	?	$\geq 179$
$s = 128, p = 15$	$\geq 5.98138e+29$ <sup>(ab)</sup>	?	?	$\geq 176$
$s = 128, p = 18$	$\geq 1.26275e+21$ <sup>(ac)</sup>	?	?	$\geq 172$
$s = 256, p = 6$	?	?	?	$\geq 2$ <sup>(ad)</sup>
$s = 256, p = 9$	?	?	?	$\geq 2$ <sup>(ae)</sup>
$s = 256, p = 12$	?	?	?	$\geq 2$ <sup>(af)</sup>
$s = 256, p = 15$	?	?	?	$\geq 2$ <sup>(ag)</sup>
$s = 256, p = 18$	?	?	?	$\geq 2$ <sup>(ah)</sup>

## Other properties

The original property of interest – existence of a plan – refers to “EF(ExpectedWorld > 0)” in all individual models.

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<sup>(t)</sup> stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5.  
<sup>(u)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.  
<sup>(v)</sup> stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5.  
<sup>(w)</sup> stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5.  
<sup>(x)</sup> stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5.  
<sup>(y)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.  
<sup>(z)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.  
<sup>(aa)</sup> stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5.  
<sup>(ab)</sup> stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5.  
<sup>(ac)</sup> stated by [CÆSAR.BDD](#) version 3.5.  
<sup>(ad)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.  
<sup>(ae)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.  
<sup>(af)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.  
<sup>(ag)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.  
<sup>(ah)</sup> lower bound given by the number of initial tokens.